

**AGREEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 (C) OF THE URBAN MASS
TRANSPORTATION ACT OF 1964, AS AMENDED**

WHEREAS, the Ventura County Transportation Commission ("Public Body"), has filed applications under the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended ("Act"), to contract for new public transportation services on a demonstration basis, as more fully described in the project applications ("Project"); and

WHEREAS, the Public Body's Project services will operate in the vicinity and service area of the regular mass transit route carriers named in Appendix "A" attached hereto, whose potentially affected employees are employed by Gold Coast Transit and the City of Simi Valley, and represented by the Service Employees International Union, AFL-CIO, CLC, Local 721 ("Union"); and

WHEREAS, Sections 3(a), (4), 9(e)(1) and 13 (c) of the Act require, as a condition of any such assistance, that suitable fair and equitable arrangements be made to protect urban mass transportation industry employees affected by such assistance and

WHEREAS, the parties have agreed upon the following arrangements as fair and equitable;

NOW, THEREFORE, it is agreed that the following terms and conditions shall apply and shall be specified in any contract governing such federal assistance to the Public Body;

(1) The Project shall be carried out in such a manner and upon such terms and conditions as will not adversely affect the employees represented by the Union. It shall be an obligation of the Public Body and any other legally responsible party designated by the Public Body to ensure that any and all transportation services assisted by the Project are contracted for and operated in such a manner that they do not impair the rights and interests of the employees represented by the Union. The term "Project", as used in this Agreement, shall not be limited to the particular facility, service, or operation assisted by federal funds, but shall include any changes, whether organizational, operational, technological, or otherwise, which are a result of the assistance provided. The phrase "as a result of the Project" shall, when used in this Agreement, include events occurring in anticipation of, during, and subsequent to the Project including any project which follows this project and any program of efficiencies or economies related thereto or traceable to the assistance provided and shall also include requirements relative to the federal program of assistance under the Act generally which are or may be imposed by or on behalf of the United States Government or any department or agency thereof; provided, however, that the volume rises and falls of business, or changes in volume or character of employment brought about solely by causes other than the Project (including any economies or efficiencies unrelated to the Project) are not within the purview of this Agreement.

The parties agree that the first two sentences of the preceding paragraph shall be interpreted in accordance with the U.S. Department of Labor's Rural Transportation Employees Protection Guidebook, pp. 5-6 (1979), which reads as follows:

The first two sentences of this section express the general requirement that employee rights and interest be protected from effects of a Project. Initially, this means that Recipients and any other legally responsible party in designing and implementing a Project must consider the effects a project may have on employees and attempt to minimize any adverse effects. If objectives can be met without adversely affecting employees it is expected that adverse effects will be avoided. In the context of particular Project events, this paragraph is to be read in conjunction with other provisions or the Warranty. It thereby serves to emphasize the specific statutory requirements that employees be protected against a worsening of their employment conditions, and receive offsetting benefits to make them "whole" when unavoidable impacts occur.

(2)(a) The Public Body or legally responsible party shall provide to the unions representing the employees affected thereby sixty (60) days' notice of intended actions which may result in displacements or dismissals or rearrangement of the working forces. Such notice shall be provided by certified mail to the Union representatives of such employees. The notice shall contain a full and adequate statement of the proposed changes, and the number and classifications of any jobs in the Public Body's employment or the employment of Gold Coast Transit or the City of Simi Valley, or otherwise within its member jurisdictions and/or control, available to be filled by such affected employees.

(2)(b) At the request of either the Public Body or the representatives of such employees, negotiations for the purposes of reaching agreement with respect to the application of the terms and conditions of this Agreement shall commence immediately. If no agreement is reached within twenty (20) days from the commencement of negotiations, any party to the dispute may submit the matter to dispute settlement procedures in accordance with paragraph (4) of this Agreement. The foregoing procedures shall be complied with and carried out prior to the institution of the intended action.

(3) For the purpose of providing the statutory required protection, including those specifically mandated by Section 13(c) of the Act¹, the Public Body agrees to be bound by this

¹ Such protective arrangement shall include, without being limited to, such provisions as may be necessary for (1) the preservation of rights, privileges, and benefits (including continuation of pension rights and benefits) under existing collective bargaining agreements or otherwise; (2) the continuation of collective bargaining rights; (3) the protection of individual employees against a worsening of their positions with respect to their employment; (4) assurances of employment to employees of acquired mass transportation systems and priority of reemployment of employees terminated or laid off; and (5) paid training and retraining programs. Such arrangement shall include provisions protecting individual employees against a worsening of their positions with respect to their employment which shall in no event provide benefits less than those established pursuant to Section 5(2) (f) of the Act of February 4, 1987 (24 Stat. 379), as amended, currently codified at Title 49 U.S.C. §11326 (formerly codified at 49 U.S.C. §11347).

Agreement, including those terms and conditions of Appendix C-1 which are attached hereto as Appendix "B."

(4)(a) Any dispute or controversy arising regarding the Application, interpretation, or enforcement of any of the provisions of this Agreement which cannot be settled by and between the parties at interest within thirty (30) days after the dispute or controversy first arises, may be submitted at the written request of the Public Body, or other party at interest, or the Union to a board of arbitration to be selected as hereinafter provided. One arbitrator is to be chosen by each interested party, and the arbitrators thus selected shall endeavor to select a neutral arbitrator who shall serve as chairman. Each party shall appoint its arbitrator within five (5) days after notice of submission to arbitration has been given. Should the arbitrators selected by the parties be unable to agree upon the selection of the neutral arbitrator within ten (10) days after notice of submission to arbitration has been given, then the arbitrator selected by any party may request the American Arbitration Association to furnish, from among members of the National Academy of Arbitrators who are then available to serve, five (5) arbitrators from which the neutral arbitrator shall be selected. The arbitrators appointed by the parties shall, within five (5) days after the receipt of such list, determine by lot the order of elimination and thereafter each shall, in that order, alternately eliminate one name until only one name remains. The remaining person on the list shall be the neutral arbitrator. If any party fails to select its arbitrator within the prescribed time limit, the highest officer of the Union or of the Public Body, or other party at interest, or their nominees, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be the selected arbitrator, and the board of arbitration shall then function and its decision shall have the same force and effect as though all parties had selected their arbitrators. The board of arbitration shall meet within fifteen (15) days after the selection or appointment of the neutral arbitrator and shall render its decision within forty-five (45) days after the hearing of the dispute has been concluded and the record closed. Awards made pursuant to said arbitration may include full back pay and allowances to employee-claimants and such other remedies as may be deemed appropriate and equitable. In a two-party arbitration, the decision by majority vote of the arbitration board shall be final and binding as the decision of the arbitration board, otherwise, in arbitrations of more than two parties at interest, the decision shall be that of the impartial arbitrator. The salaries and expenses for the impartial arbitrator shall be borne equally by the parties to the proceedings, and other expenses shall be paid by the party incurring them. All conditions of the Agreement shall continue to be effective during the arbitration proceedings.

(4)(b) In the event of any dispute as to whether or not a particular employee was negatively affected by the Project, it shall be the employee's obligation to identify the Project and specify the pertinent facts of the Project relied upon. It shall then be the burden of the Public Body, or other party legally responsible for the application of these conditions, to prove that factors other than the Project affected the employee. The claiming employee shall prevail if it is established that the Project had an effect upon the employee even if other factors may also have affected the employee (Hodson's Affidavit in Civil Action No. 825-71). amended, currently codified at 49 U.S.C. § 11326 (formerly codified at 49 U.S.C. § 11347).

(5) The Public Body, or other legally responsible party designated by the public Body, will be financially responsible for the application of these conditions and will make the necessary arrangements so that any employee covered by these arrangements, or the union representative of

such employees, may file a claim alleging a violation of these arrangements with the Public Body within sixty (60) days of the date the employee is terminated or laid off as a result of the Project, or within eighteen (18) months of the date the employee's position with respect to his or her employment is otherwise worsened as a result of the Project. In the latter case, if the events giving rise to the claim have occurred over an extended period, the 18-month limitations shall be measured from the last such event. No benefits shall be payable for any period prior to six (6) months from the date of the filing of any claim.

(6) Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as depriving any employee of any rights or benefits which such employee may have under existing employment or collective bargaining agreements, nor shall this Agreement be deemed a waiver of any rights of any union or of any represented employee derived from any other agreement or provision of federal, state or local law, nor shall anything in this Agreement be construed as preventing the continuation of collective bargaining rights.

(7) In the event any employee covered by these arrangements is terminated or laid off as a result of the Project, the employee shall be granted priority of employment or reemployment to fill any vacant position within the jurisdictions and/or control of the Public Body for which the employee is, or by training or retraining within a reasonable period can become, qualified. In the event training or retraining is required by such employment or reemployment, the Public Body, or other legally responsible party designated by the Public Body, shall provide for such training or retraining at no cost to the employee.

(8) In the event that the Public Body acquires any public transportation system in connection with the Project, any employee of such acquired transportation system shall be assured employment.

(9) This Agreement shall be binding upon the successors and assigns of the parties hereto, and no provisions, terms, or obligations herein contained shall be affected, modified, altered or changed in any respect whatsoever by reason of the arrangements made by or for the Public Body to manage and operate the system or administer the contract for that purpose.

Any person, enterprise, body, or agency, whether publicly or privately owned, which shall undertake the management, provision and/or operation of the system, or any part or portion thereof, or any mass transportation in the urbanized area of the Project under contractual arrangements of any form with the Public Body, its successors or assigns, shall agree, and as a condition precedent to such contractual arrangements, the Public Body, its successors or assigns, shall require such person, enterprise, body, or agency to agree to abide by the terms of this Agreement.

(10) Any other union which is the collective bargaining representative of urban mass transportation employees in the service area of the Public Body who may be affected by the assistance to the Public Body within the meaning of 49 U.S.C. §1609(c) other than those employed by a service contractor of the Public Body and working on the system, may become a party to this Agreement, by serving written notice of its desire to do so upon the other union representatives of the employees affected by the Project, the Public Body, and the Secretary of

Labor. In the event of any disagreement that such labor organizations should become a party of this Agreement, then the dispute as to whether such labor organization shall participate shall be determined by the Secretary of Labor.

(11) In the event the Project is approved for assistance under the Act, the foregoing terms and conditions shall be made part of the contract of assistance between the federal government and the Public Body or Recipient of federal funds; provided, however, that the arrangement shall not merge into the contract of assistance, but shall be independently binding and enforceable by and upon the parties thereto, and by any covered employee or the employee's representative, in accordance with its terms, nor shall any other employee protective agreement or collective bargaining agreement merge into this arrangement, but each shall be independently binding and enforceable by and upon the parties thereto, in accordance with its terms.

(12) This protective agreement/arrangement shall be effective and in full force according to its terms from year to year during the period of the Federal Contract of Assistance and/or thereafter, for as long as necessary to satisfy its intended purpose to protect potentially affected employees from the impact of Federal assistance.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement by their duly authorized representatives this **11th day of September, 2026.**

VENTURA COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

By _____ Date: _____
Martha McQueen-Legohn, Chair

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

By _____ Date: _____
Lindsay D'Andrea, General Counsel

**SERVICE EMPLOYEES INTERNATIONAL UNION,
CTW, CLC LOCAL 721**

By  Date: 8/21/2026
Carson Acosta, Regional Director, Tri-Counties

APPENDIX “A”

Carrier

**Gold Coast Transit
City of Simi Valley**

Union

**SEIU Local 721
SEIU Local 721**

Appendix “B”

EMPLOYEE PROTECTIONS DIGEST

APPENDIX C-1

The scope and purpose of this Appendix are to provide, pursuant to section 405 of the Act, for fair and equitable arrangements to protect the interests of employees of Railroads affected by discontinuances of Intercity Rail Passenger Service subject to section 405 of the Act; therefore, fluctuations and changes in volume or character of employment brought about by other causes are not within the purview of this Appendix.

ARTICLE I

1. DEFINITIONS – The definitions in Article I of the Agreement and in the Act apply in this Appendix and in the event of conflict in definitions, those in the Act shall be controlling. In addition, whenever used in this Appendix, unless its context requires otherwise:
 - (a) “Transaction” means a discontinuance of Intercity Rail Passenger Service pursuant to the provisions of the Act.
 - (b) “Displaced employee” means an employee of Railroad who, as a result of a transaction is placed in a worse position with respect to his compensation and rules governing his working conditions, unless changed by future collective bargaining agreements or applicable statutes.
 - (c) “Dismissed employee” means an employee of Railroad who, as a result of a transaction is deprived of employment with Railroad because of the abolition of his position or the loss thereof as the result of the exercise of seniority rights by an employee whose position is abolished as a result of a transaction.
 - (d) “Protective period” means that period of time during which a displaced or dismissed employee is to be provided protection hereunder and extends from the date on which an employee is displaced or dismissed to the expiration of 6 years therefrom, provided, however, that the protective period for any particular employee shall not continue for a longer period following the date he was displaced or dismissed than the period during which such employee was in the employ of Railroad prior to the date of his displacement or his dismissal. For purposes of this Appendix, an employee’s length of service shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 7 (b) of the Washington Job Protection Agreement of May, 1936.

2. The rates of pay, rules, working conditions and all collective bargaining and other rights, privileges and benefits (including continuation of pension rights and benefits) of Railroad's employees under applicable laws and/or existing collective bargaining agreements or otherwise shall be preserved unless changed by future collective bargaining agreements or applicable statutes.
3. Nothing in this Appendix shall be construed as depriving any employee of any rights or benefits or eliminating any obligations which such employee may have under any existing job security or other protective conditions or arrangements; provided, that there shall be no duplication or pyramiding of benefits to any employees, and, provided further, that the benefits under this Appendix, or any other arrangement, shall be construed to include the conditions, responsibilities and obligations accompanying such benefits.
4. When Railroad contemplates a transaction after May 1, 1971, it shall give at least twenty (20) days written notice of such intended transaction by posting a notice on bulletin boards convenient to the interested employees of Railroad (including terminal companies and other enterprises covered by Article III of this Appendix) and by sending registered mail notice to the representatives of such interested employees; if Railroad contemplates a transaction on May 1, 1971 it shall give the notice as soon as possible after the signing of this Agreement, prior to May 1, 1971. Such notice shall contain a full and adequate statement of the proposed changes to be effected by such transaction, including an estimate of the number of employees of each class affected by the intended changes.

At the request of either Railroad or representatives of such interested employees, negotiations for the purpose of reaching agreement with respect to application of the terms and conditions of this Appendix shall commence immediately and continue for not more than twenty (20) days from the date of notice. Each transaction which will result in a dismissal or displacement of employees or rearrangement of forces, shall provide for the selection of forces from all employees involved on basis accepted as appropriate for application in the particular case and any assignment of employees made necessary by the transaction shall be made on the basis of an agreement or decision under this section 4. If at the end of the twenty (20) day period there is a failure to agree, the negotiations shall terminate and either party to the dispute may submit it for adjustment in accordance with the following procedures:

- (a) Within five (5) days from the termination of negotiations, the parties shall select a neutral referee and in the event they are unable to agree within said five (5) days upon the selection of said referee, then the National Mediation Board shall immediately appoint a referee.
- (b) No later than twenty (20) days after a referee has been designated a hearing on the dispute shall commence.

- (c) The decision of the referee shall be final, binding, and conclusive and shall be rendered within thirty (30) days from the commencement of the hearing of the dispute.
- (d) The salary and expenses of the referee shall be borne equally by the parties to the proceeding; all other expenses shall be paid by the party incurring them.

Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions of this section, at the completion of the twenty (20) day notice period or on May 1, 1971, as the case may be, Railroad may proceed with the transaction, provided that all employees affected (displaced, dismissed, rearranged, etc.) shall be provided with all the rights and benefits of this Appendix from the time they are affected through to expiration of the seventy-fifth (75th) day following the date of notice of the intended transaction. This protection shall be in addition to the protection period defined in Article I, Paragraph (d). If the above proceeding results in displacement, dismissal, rearrangement, etc. other than as provided by Railroad at the time of the transaction pending the outcome of such proceedings, all employees affected by the transaction during the pendency of such proceedings shall be made whole.

- 5. DISPLACEMENT ALLOWANCES – (a) So long after a displaced employee's displacement as he is unable, in the normal exercise of his seniority rights under existing agreements, rules and practices, to obtain a position producing compensation equal to or exceeding the compensation he received in the position from which he was displaced, he shall, during his protective period, be paid a monthly displacement allowance equal to the difference between the monthly compensation received by him in the position in which he is retained and the average monthly compensation received by him in the position from which he was displaced.

Each displaced employee's displacement allowance shall be determined by dividing separately by 12 the total compensation received by the employee and the total time for which he was paid during the last 12 months in which he performed services immediately preceding the date of this displacement as a result of the transaction (thereby producing average monthly compensation and average monthly time paid for in the test period). Both the above "total compensation" and the "total time for which he was paid" shall be adjusted to reflect the reduction on an annual basis, if any, which would have occurred during the specified twelve month period had Public Law 91-169, amending the Hours of Service Act of 1907, been in effect throughout such period (i.e., 14 hours limit for any allowance paid during the period between December 26, 1970 and December 25, 1972 and 12 hours limit for any allowances paid thereafter); provided further, that such allowance shall also be adjusted to reflect subsequent general wage increases.

If a displaced employee's compensation in his retained position in any month is less in any month in which he performs work than the aforesaid average compensation (adjusted to reflect subsequent general wage increases) to which he would have been entitled, he shall be paid the difference, less compensation for time lost on account of

his voluntary absences to the extent that he is not available for service equivalent to his average monthly time during the test period but if in his retained position he works in any month in excess of the aforesaid average monthly time paid for during the test period he shall be additionally compensated for such excess time at the rate of pay of the retained position.

(b) If a displaced employee fails to exercise his seniority rights to secure another position available to him which does not require a change in his place of residence, to which he is entitled under the working agreement and which carries a rate of pay and compensation exceeding those of the position which he elects to retain, he shall thereafter be treated for the purposes of this section as occupying the position he elects to decline.

(c) The displacement allowance shall cease prior to the expiration of the protective period in the event of the displaced employee's resignation, death, retirement or dismissal for justifiable cause.

6. DISMISSAL ALLOWANCES – (a) A dismissed employee shall be paid a monthly dismissal allowance, from the date he is deprived of employment and continuing during his protective period, equivalent to one-twelfth of the compensation received by him in the last 12 months of his employment in which he earned compensation prior to the date he is first deprived of employment as a result of the transaction. Such allowance shall be adjusted to reflect on an annual basis the reduction, if any, which would have occurred during the specified twelve month period had Public Law 91-169, amending Hours of Service Act of 1907 been in effect throughout such period (i.e., 14 hours limit for any allowance paid during the period between December 1970 and December 25, 1972 and 12 hours limit for any allowances paid thereafter); provided further that such allowance shall also be adjusted to reflect subsequent general wage increases.

(b) The dismissal allowance of any dismissed employee who returns to service with Railroad shall cease while he is so reemployed. During the time of such reemployment, he shall be entitled to protection in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.

(c) The dismissal allowance of any dismissed employee who is otherwise employed shall be reduced to the extent that his combined monthly earnings in such other employment, any benefits received under any unemployment insurance law, and his dismissal allowance exceed the amount upon which his dismissal allowance is based. Such employee, or his representative, and Railroad shall agree upon a procedure by which Railroad shall be currently informed of the earnings of such employee in employment other than with Railroad, and the benefit received.

(d) The dismissal allowance shall cease prior to the expiration of the protective period in the event of the employee's resignation, death, retirement, dismissal for justifiable cause under existing agreements, failure to return to service after being

notified in accordance with the working agreement, or failure without good cause to accept a comparable position which does not require a change in his place of residence for which he is qualified and eligible with the Railroad from which he was dismissed after being notified, or with the National Railroad Passenger Corporation after appropriate notification, if his return does not infringe upon employment rights of other employees under a working agreement.

7. SEPARATION ALLOWANCE – A dismissed employee entitled to protection under this Appendix, may, at his option within 7 days of his dismissal, resign and (in lieu of all other benefits and protections provided in this Appendix) accept a lump sum payment computed in accordance with Section 9 of the Washington Job Protection Agreement of May, 1936.
8. FRINGE BENEFITS – No employee of Railroad who is affected by a transaction shall be deprived during his protective period of benefits attached to his previous employment, such as free transportation, hospitalization, pensions, relief, et cetera, under the same conditions and so long as such benefits continue to be accorded to other employees of Railroad, in active service or on furlough as the case may be, to the extent that such benefits can be so maintained under present authority of law or corporate action or through future authorization which may be obtained.
9. MOVING EXPENSES – Any employee retained in the service of Railroad or who is later restored to service after being entitled to receive a dismissal allowance, and who is required to change the point of his employment as a result of the transaction, and who within his protective period is required to move his place of residence, shall be reimbursed for all expenses of moving his household and other personal effects, for the traveling expenses of himself and members of his family, including living expenses for himself and his family and for his own actual wage loss, not to exceed three working days, the exact extent of the responsibility of Railroad during the time necessary for such transfer and for a reasonable time thereafter and the ways and means of transportation to be agreed upon in advance by Railroad and the affected employee or his representatives; provided, however, that changes in place of residence which are not a result of the transaction, which are made subsequent to the initial change or which grow out of the normal exercise of seniority rights, shall not be considered to be within the purview of this Section; provided further, that the Railroad shall, to the same extent provided above, assume the expenses, etc. for any employee furloughed within three (3) years after changing his point of employment as a result of a transaction, who elects to move his place of residence back to his original point of employment. No claim for reimbursement shall be paid under the provisions of this Section unless such claim is presented to Railroad within 90 days after the date on which the expenses were incurred.
10. Should Railroad rearrange or adjust its forces in anticipation of a transaction with the purpose or effect of depriving an employee of benefits to which he otherwise would have become entitled under this Appendix, this Appendix will apply to such employee.

11. ARBITRATION OF DISPUTES – (a) In the event Railroad and its employees or their authorized representatives cannot settle any dispute or controversy with respect to the interpretation, application or enforcement of any provision of this Appendix, except Section 4 and 12 of this Article I, within 20 days after the dispute arises, it may be referred by either party to an arbitration committee. Upon notice in writing served by one party to refer a dispute or controversy to an arbitration committee, each party shall, within 10 days, select one member of the committee and the members thus chosen shall select a neutral member who shall serve as chairman. If any party fails to select its member of the arbitration committee within the prescribed time limit, the general chairman of the involved labor organization or the highest officer designated by Railroad, as the case may be, shall be deemed the selected member, and the committee shall then function and its decision shall have the same force and effect as though all parties had selected their members. Should the members be unable to agree upon the appointment of the neutral member within 10 days, the parties shall then within an additional 10 days endeavor to agree to a method by which a neutral member shall be appointed, and, failing such agreement, either party may request the National Mediation Board to designate within 10 days the neutral member whose designation will be binding upon the parties.

(b) In the event a dispute involves more than one labor organization, each will be entitled to a representative on the arbitration committee, in which event Railroad will be entitled to appoint additional representatives so as to equal the number of labor organization representatives.

(c) The decision, by majority vote, of the arbitration committee shall be final, binding, and conclusive and shall be rendered within 45 days after the hearing of the dispute or controversy has been concluded and the record closed.

(d) The salaries and expenses of the neutral member shall be borne equally by the parties to the proceeding and all other expenses shall be paid by the party incurring them.

(e) In the event of any dispute as to whether or not a particular employee was affected by a transaction, it shall be his obligation to identify the transaction and specify the pertinent facts of that transaction relied upon. It shall then be the Railroad's burden to prove that factors other than a transaction affected the employee.

12. LOSSES FROM HOME REMOVAL – (a) the following conditions shall apply to the extent they are applicable in each instance to any employee who is retained in the service of Railroad (or who is later restored to service after being entitled to receive a dismissal allowance) who is required to change the point of his employment within his protective period as a result of the transaction and is therefore required to move his place of residence:

- (i) If the employee owns his own home in the locality from which he is required to move, he shall at his option be reimbursed by Railroad for any loss suffered in the sale of his home for less than its fair value. In each case the fair value of the move in question shall be determined as of a date sufficiently prior to the date of the transaction so as to be unaffected thereby. Railroad shall in each instance be afforded an opportunity to purchase the home at such fair value before it is sold by the employee to any other person.
- (ii) If the employee is under a contract to purchase his home, Railroad shall protect him against loss to the extent of the fair value of any equity he may have in the home and in addition shall relieve him from any further obligation under his contract.
- (iii) If the employee holds an unexpired lease of a dwelling occupied by him at his home, Railroad shall protect him from all loss and cost in securing the cancellation of said lease.

(b) Changes in place of residence which are made subsequent to the initial changes caused by the transaction and which grow out of the normal exercise of seniority rights, shall not be considered to be within the purview of this Section.

(c) No claim for loss shall be paid under the provisions of this Section unless such claim is presented to Railroad within 1 year after the date the employee is required to move.

(d) Should a controversy arise in respect to the value of the home, the loss sustained in its sale, the loss under a contract for purchase, loss and cost in securing termination of a lease, or any other question in connection with these matters, it shall be decided through joint conference between the employees, or their representatives and Railroad. In the event they are unable to agree, the dispute or controversy may be referred by either party to a board of competent real estate appraisers, selected in the following manner: One to be selected by the representatives of the employees and one by Railroad, and these two, if unable to agree within 30 days upon a valuation, shall endeavor by agreement within 10 days thereafter to select a third appraiser shall be selected, and, failing such agreement, either party may request the National Mediation Board to designate within 10 days a third appraiser whose designation will be binding upon the parties. A decision of a majority of the appraisers shall be required and said decision shall be final and conclusive. The salary and expenses of the third or neutral appraiser, including the expenses of the appraisal board, shall be borne equally by the parties to the proceedings. All other expenses shall be paid by the party incurring them, including the compensation of the appraiser selected by such party.

ARTICLE II

1. Any employee who is terminated or furloughed as a result of a transaction shall, if he so requests, be granted priority of employment or reemployment to fill a position comparable to that which he held when terminated or furloughed, even though in a different craft or class, on Railroad which he is, or by training or retraining physically and mentally can become, qualified, not however, in contravention of collective bargaining agreements relating thereto.
2. In the event such training or retraining is requested by such employee, Railroad shall provide for such training or retraining at no cost to the employee.
3. If such a terminated or furloughed employee who has made a request under sections 1 or 2 of this Article II fails without good cause within 10 calendar days to accept an offer of a position comparable to that which he held when terminated or furloughed for which he is qualified, or for which he has satisfactorily completed such training, he shall, effective at the expiration of such 10 day training, forfeit all rights and benefits under this Appendix.

ARTICLE III

Subject to this Appendix, as if employees of Railroad, shall be employees, if affected by a transaction, of separately incorporated terminal companies which are owned (in whole or in art) or used by Railroad and employees of any other enterprise within the definition of common carrier by railroad in Section 1(3) of Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended, in which Railroad has an interest, to which Railroad provided facilities, or with which Railroad contracts for use of facilities, or the facilities of which Railroad otherwise uses; except that the provisions of this Appendix shall be suspended with respect to each such employee until and unless he applies for employment with each owning carrier and each using carrier and to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation; provided that said carriers and the National Railroad Passenger Corporation shall establish one convenient central location for each terminal or other enterprise for receipt of one such application which will be effective as to all said carriers and the Corporation and Railroad shall notify such employees of this requirement and of the location for receipt of the application. Such employees shall not be entitled to any of the benefits of this Appendix in the case of failure, without good cause, to accept comparable employment, which does not require a change in place of residence, under the same conditions as apply to other employees under this Appendix, with the National Railroad Passenger Corporation or any carrier for which application for employment has been made in accordance with this section.

ARTICLE IV

Employees of Railroad who are not represented by a labor organization shall be afforded substantially the same levels of protection as are afforded to members of labor organizations under these terms and conditions.

In the event any dispute or controversy arises between Railroad and an employee not represented by a labor organization with respect to the interpretation, application or enforcement of any provision hereof which cannot be settled by the parties within 30 days after the dispute arises,

either party may refer the dispute to the Secretary of Labor for determination. The determination of the Secretary of Labor, or his designated representative, shall be final and binding on the parties.

ARTICLE V

1. It is the intent of this Appendix to provide employee protections which meet the requirements of Section 405 of the Act and are not less than the benefits established pursuant to Section 5(2)(f) of the Interstate Commerce Act. In so doing, changes in wording and organization from arrangements earlier developed under section 5(2)(f) have been necessary to make such benefits applicable to contemplated discontinuances of intercity rail passenger service affecting a great number of railroads throughout the nation. In making such changes it is not the intent of this Appendix to diminish such benefits. Thus, the terms of this Appendix are to be resolved in favor of this intent to provide employee protections and benefits no less than those established pursuant to Section 5(2)(f) of the Interstate Commerce Act.
2. In the event any provision of this Appendix is held to be invalid or otherwise unenforceable under applicable law, the remaining provisions of this Appendix shall not be affected, and such provision shall be renegotiated and resubmitted to the Secretary of Labor for certification pursuant to Section 405 of the Act.