GOLD COAST TRANSIT DISTRICT STATE OF GOOD REPAIR ACCOUNTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

GOLD COAST TRANSIT DISTRICT STATE OF GOOD REPAIR ACCOUNTS JUNE 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

| Independent Auditor's Report | 1 |
|--|----|
| Statement of Net Position | 4 |
| Statement of Changes in Net Position | 5 |
| Statement of Cash Flows | 6 |
| Notes to Financial Statements | 7 |
| Independent Auditor's Report Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> and the Transportation Development Act | 10 |
| SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION | |
| Schedule of Status of Funds by Project | 12 |



A Professional Accountancy Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Gold Coast Transit District Oxnard, California

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the State of Good Repair (SGR) accounts of the Gold Coast Transit District (District), which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2022, and the related statement of changes in net position and cash flows for the fiscal year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the SGR accounts of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the SGR accounts and does not purport to, and does not, present fairly the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2022, or the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

1

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards,* we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control relating to the SGR accounts. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Management has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the SGR account's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Status of Funds by Project is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Status of Funds by Project information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion , the Schedule of Status of Funds by Project is fairly stated, in all material respects , in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards* and the Transportation Development Act. In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and the Transportation Development Act, we have also issued a separate report dated March 30, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over the SGR accounts' financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and the Transportation Development Act in considering the District's internal control over the SGR accounts' financial reporting and compliance.

Nigro & Nigro, PC

Murrieta, California March 30, 2023

GOLD COAST TRANSIT DISTRICT STATE OF GOOD REPAIR ACCOUNTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS

| Cash and investments - restricted Due from other governmental agencies | \$ - 7,369 |
|---|------------------|
| Total assets | 7,369 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Unearned revenue | - |
| Total liabilities | |
| NET POSITION | |
| Unrestricted | 7,369 |
| Total net position | \$ 7,369 |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

GOLD COAST TRANSIT DISTRICT STATE OF GOOD REPAIR ACCOUNTS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| Revenues: State of good repair | \$ 43,820 |
|---|--------------|
| Total revenues | 43,820 |
| Expenditures: Capital acquisition and construction | 43,839 |
| Total expenditures | 43,839 |
| Change in net position | (19) |
| Net position, beginning of fiscal year | 7,388 |
| Net position, end of fiscal year | \$ 7,369 |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

GOLD COAST TRANSIT DISTRICT STATE OF GOOD REPAIR ACCOUNTS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
|---|----|----------|
| Cash paid for operating costs, net of support | \$ | (185) |
| Net cash (used) by operating activities | | (185) |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: | | |
| Cash received from local transportation fund, SGR | | 43,664 |
| Cash paid to other funds | | (44,024) |
| Net cash (used) by noncapital financing activities | | (360) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Cash received from interest received from investments | | 10 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | | 10 |
| Net decrease in cash in County treasury | | (165) |
| Cash in County treasury: | | |
| Beginning of year | | 165 |
| End of year | \$ | - |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to | | |
| net cash (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) | \$ | (19) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | Ψ | (13) |
| (Increase)/decrease in interest receivable | | (10) |
| (Increase)/decrease due from other government agencies | | (156) |
| Total adjustments | | (166) |
| Net cash (used) by operating activities | \$ | (185) |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

GOLD COAST TRANSIT DISTRICT STATE OF GOOD REPAIR ACCOUNTS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017, Senate Bill (SB) 1 (Chapter 5, Statues of 2017), signed by the Governor on April 28, 2017, includes a program that will provide additional revenues for transit infrastructure repair and service improvements. State of Good Repair (SGR) funding received by the Gold Coast Transit District (the District) for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was \$43,820 and was used for preventative maintenance, vehicle engine replacements, and the vehicle and camera replacement project.

The financial statements present only the activity of the SGR accounts of the District and are not intended to present the financial position or changes in financial position of the District, or member claimants, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

B. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds and account groups. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity wherein operations of each fund are accounted for in a separate set of self-balancing accounts that record resources, related liabilities, obligations, reserves, and net position segregated for the purpose of carrying out specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District accounts for the activity of the SGR Fund as an Enterprise Fund. Enterprise Funds are used to account for "business-type activities" similar to those found in the private sector.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Enterprise Funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are earned, and expenses are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred.

D. Cash and Investments

Substantially all of the District's cash is invested in interest bearing cash accounts (money market funds). The District considers all highly liquid investments with initial maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

E. Amounts Due from Other Governments

Generally, amounts due from other governments are recorded as revenues when received. However, when expenditures of funds are the prime factor for determining eligibility for grants, revenues are accrued when the expenditures have been made on approved grants.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

G. Revenue Recognition

Recognition of revenues arising from nonexchange transactions, which include revenues from taxes, certain grants, and contributions, is based on the primary characteristic from which the revenues are received by the District.

For the District, funds received Public Utilities Code Sections 99313 and 99314 are recognized in the period when all eligibility requirements have been met.

A deferred inflow of resources arises when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and availability criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred inflows of resources also arise when the District receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualified expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet, and revenue is recognized.

H. Net Position

The components of net position reflect the component classifications described below.

- Net Investment in Capital Assets this includes capital assets net of depreciation reduced by the
 outstanding balances of bonds and notes, if any, that are attributable to the acquisition,
 construction, or improvement of those assets. Applicable deferred outflows of resources and
 deferred inflows of resources, if any, should also be included in this component of net position.
- *Restricted* this includes assets, mainly cash and investments, bound by constraints on resources that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted this includes the remaining balance of the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital, or the restricted components of net position.

It is the District's policy that restricted resources will be applied first, followed by unrestricted resources, in the absence of a formal policy adopted by Board of Directors.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Demand Deposits

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure an entity's deposits by pledging government securities with a value of 110% of an entity's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure entity deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of an entity's total deposits. The entity's Treasurer may waive the collateral requirement for deposits which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The collateral for deposits in federal and state-chartered banks is held in safekeeping by an authorized agent of depository recognized by the State of California Department of Banking. The collateral for deposits with savings and loan associations is generally held in safekeeping by the Federal Home Loan Bank in San Francisco, California, as an agent of depository. These securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors. Under Government Code Section 53655, the placement of securities by a bank or savings and loan association with an agent of depositor has the effect of perfecting the security interest in the name of the local governmental agency. Accordingly, all collateral held by California agents of depository are considered to be held for, and in the name of, the local government.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash and investments of the District's SGR accounts were \$0 at June 30, 2022.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy requires that collateral be held by an independent third party with whom the District has a current custodial agreement.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The District's investment policy requires that all security transactions are conducted on a delivery-versus-payment (DVP) method and that all securities are held by a qualified, third-party custodian, as evidenced by safekeeping receipts. The trust department of the District's bank may act as a third-party custodian, provided that the custodian agreement is separate from the banking agreement. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investments pools.

As of June 30, 2022, none of the District's deposits and investments were exposed to disclosable custodial credit risk.

Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments in Money Market Funds are valued using Level 2 inputs.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District's investment policy follows the California Government Code as it relates to limits on investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

NOTE 3 – <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

Subsequent events have been evaluated through March 30, 2023, the date these financial statements were available to be issued.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS AND THE TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT

Board of Directors Gold Coast Transit District Oxnard, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the State of Good Repair (SGR) accounts of the Gold Coast Transit District (District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) relating to the SGR accounts as a basis for designing audit procedures to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control relating to the SGR accounts. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control relating to the SGR accounts.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the SGR accounts' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including the applicable statutes, rules, and regulations of the Transportation Development Act, including Section 6667 of Title 21, of the California Code of regulations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* or the Transportation Development Act.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance relating to the SGR accounts. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance relating to the SGR accounts. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Nique & Niger, PC

Murrieta, California March 30, 2023

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GOLD COAST TRANSIT DISTRICT STATE OF GOOD REPAIR ACCOUNTS SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF FUNDS BY PROJECT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | | | State | | Current Interest | Current Year Interest | Prior Interest | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| | Program Year | Program Status | Allocation Received | Approved Transfer | Received from VCTC | Accrued by District | Received from VCTC | Current Year Expenditures | Prior Year Expenditures | Net Position |
| Vehicle and Camera Replacement | 2020-21 | Complete | 42,786 | - | - | - | 151 | 7,388 | 35,549 | - |
| Preventative Maintenance | 2021-22 | Open | 43,820 | | - | | - | 36,451 | | 7,369 |
| | | | \$ 86,606 | \$- | \$- | \$- | \$ 151 | \$ 43,839 | \$ 35,549 | \$ 7,369 |